

I. 拼音 – Pinyin Spelling: Write the pinyin pronunciation of the phrases below.

1. 有時候

2. 吃飯

3. 休息

4. 每本書

5. 每個人

6. 問問題

7. 下課以後

8. 坐車

9. 下午

II. 翻譯 – Translation: Translate the following sentences into Chinese using 很多.

**很多 + (的) + Noun**

**Example:**

The Chinese department has a lot of new students. → 中文系有很多新學生。

1. We now know a lot of Chinese characters.

2. Are there a lot of Chinese magazines in the reading room?

3. He doesn't have many English books.

4. I have a lot of questions every day.

5. Sometimes she drinks a lot of tea, (and) sometimes she doesn't drink much tea.

III. 詞序 - Word Order: Rearrange the following entries to make grammatically correct sentences using the following grammatical structure:

**每 + Measure Word + Noun + (都) + Action**

1. 每天 八點 上課 一刻 他
2. 哥哥的 每件 是 都 襯衫 黑的
3. 我 十一點 有時候 睡覺 睡覺 有時候 十二點
4. 問題 去 問 老師 那兒 學生 常
5. 問 每天 都 我 老師 很多 問題

IV. 問答 - Answer the following questions based on your daily routine. Use complete sentences.

1. 你每天幾點起床？
2. 你每天起床以後喝咖啡嗎？
3. 你每天上午有課嗎？
4. 晚上你常常作什麼？
5. 你每天幾點睡覺？