

I. Vocabulary Practice: Fill in the blanks to complete the table.

| 漢字 | 拼音 | 英文 |
|----|---------|------------------------|
| 電話 | | |
| | | to review |
| | kèwén | |
| | xīnwén | |
| 友好 | | |
| 正在 | | |
| | diànshì | |
| | | to answer (the phone) |
| | | to make (a phone call) |
| | | to meet (a person) |

II. Translate the following progressive aspect sentences using Chinese characters *AND* pinyin.

Example:

Her friend is writing a letter to her mother.

Tā péngyou zài gěi tā māma xiě xìn ne.
她朋友在給她媽媽寫信呢。

1. He is sleeping.
2. He is taking bath.
3. I am watching TV.
4. My brother is eating meal.
5. My father is drinking tea.

6. My sister is reading a book.

7. He is signing.

8. She is dancing.

9. I am cleaning up the room.

10. They are visiting the library.

III. Use appropriate language to respond the the following situations. Write your response in Chinese characters.

Example:

You answer your phone. The caller is looking for Xie Da Guang.
這兒沒有謝大光。你打錯了。

1. Your friend asks you to go out tomorrow afternoon, but you do not have time.

2. You are calling your friend Ding Guoyou (丁國友). His father answers the phone.

3. You answer the telephone. The caller would like to speak to your mother.

4. You call your friend's dorm room. She isn't there.

5. You call the foreign student dormitory.